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# NEUROANATOMY

(12 pages)

SVEUČILIŠTE U RIJECI - MEDICINSKI FAKULTET | UNIVERSITY OF RIJEKA - FACULTY OF MEDICINE

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**University of Rijeka**  
**Faculty of Medicine**  
**Course: Neuroanatomy**  
**Course coordinator: Olga Cvijanović Peloza MD, PhD, Associate Professor**  
**Department: Department of Anatomy**  
**Study program: Integrated Undergraduate and Graduate University Study of Medicine in English**  
**Year: 2<sup>nd</sup> year**  
**Academic year: 2020./2021.**

## SYLLABUS

### Course information (brief course description, general guidelines)

Neuroanatomy is a compulsory course of the second year (3<sup>rd</sup> semester) of Integrated Undergraduate and Graduate University Study of Medicine in English. It is consisted of 16 hours of lectures, 12 hours of seminars and 12 hours of practicles, a total of 40 hours (3 ECTS).

**The course objective** is to acquire knowledge about the organization and the structure of gray and white matter within the central nervous system. Except the latter, the goal of the course is to teach students how nerve impulses are transferred from the central nervous system to the target organ and vice versa. Students will also acquire knowledge of the inner ear, sensory areas that are located there and about retina of the eye bulb.

#### **Course content:**

Arrangement and functional organization of the gray and the white matter of the spinal cord; an overview of arrangement and functional organization of the gray and the white matter of the brain stem; arrangement and functional organization of the grey and white matter of the cerebellum; an overview of the diencephalon nuclei; pituitary and neurosectional systems; telecephalon (telencephalon medium, hemisphere, rhinencephalon); arrangement and functional organization of the gray and the white matter of the telecephalon; limbic system; reflex arc; non specific sensory pathways; specific sensory pathways; motor pathways; reticular formation; an autonomic nervous system (basic principle of structure and function), the sympathetic part of the autonomic nervous system; the parasympathetic part of the autonomic nervous system; inner layer of the eye bulb (retina); inner ear.

#### **Assigned reading:**

Friedrich Paulsen Tobias M. Böckers Jens Waschke. Sobotta Anatomy Textbook 1<sup>st</sup> Edition. Urban & Fischer 2019.

#### **Optional / additional reading:**

Alan R Crossman, David Neary. Neuroanatomy 5th edition. Churchill Livingstone, 2015.  
Werner Kahle, Michael Frotscher. Colored Atlas of Human Anatomy. Nervous System and Sensory Organs. Thieme, 6th Edition.

**Course teaching plan:**

**List of lectures (with titles and description):**

**1<sup>st</sup> SEMESTER**

**L1,2 Structure and morphology of the CNS. Distribution of the grey and white matter in the CNS (pg.593-603).**

Learning outcomes:

To mark off and to describe the main parts of the central nervous system. To explain the linkage between development of the central nervous system and integral parts of the central nervous system. To describe the cells of the nervous system and process of the myelination. To explain the neural axis (neuroaxis) and to define the terms ventral/dorsal and the rostral/caudal in the central nervous system.

**L3,4 Telencephalon: Classification, fibre systems and subcortical nuclei (pg. 637-643).**

Learning outcomes:

To describe the hemispheres of the telencephalon with the main gyri and sulci, to explain histological structure (layers) of the cerebral cortex of each lobe of the hemisphere. To explain the role of the association cortex and its function. To describe white matter of the telencephalon in sense of association, commissural and projection fibres. To describe the topographical anatomy of the basal ganglia.

**L5,6 Diencephalon: Epithalamus, thalamus and hypothalamus (pg. 656-664).**

Learning outcomes:

To describe the outer features, position and relations of distinctive parts of the diencephalon. To position thalamus and explain its relationship with hypothalamus. To explain inner organization of the thalamic nuclei. To explain the function of the hypothalamus, its nuclei and connections. To describe position of the pituitary gland and its division to adenohypophysis and neurohypophysis. To explain the control of hypophysis hormone stimulation and to understand the main principles of the neuroendocrinology. To link hypothalamus to the pituitary gland by means of neurosecretion and the portal system. To describe the organization of grey and white matter of the subthalamus (fields of Forel, subthalamic nucleus). To describe position and relations of the hypothalamus and to discuss its function and afferent/efferent connections. To explain division of the hypothalamus into three horizontal and three vertical zones. To distinguish magnocellular from the parvocellular system of the hypothalamic neurons. To describe the function of hypothalamus with respect of its connection to anterior and posterior lobe of the pituitary gland. To describe the position and relations of the pituitary gland as well as its division to adenohypophysis and neurohypophysis, control of the hormones secretion, and basic principles of the neuroendocrinology. To analyze portal circulation of the adenohypophysis and systemic circulation of the neurohypophysis. To describe constituent parts of the epithalamus and its position, structure and function.

**L7,8 Brainstem: Mesencephalon, pons and medulla oblongata (pg. 664-673).**

Learning outcomes:

An overview of the division and external features of the brainstem. Students will learn to appoint and to describe the major parts of the medulla oblongata, pons and midbrain, and to explain their mutual relationship. To describe the internal structure of constituent parts of the brainstem. To analyze and discuss the arrangement of grey and white matter of the medulla oblongata, pons and midbrain. To explain the longitudinal zones on the mediosagittal section of the brainstem (basis, tegmentum, tectum). Based on this, to analyze the position of cranial nerve nuclei and other specific nuclei of the brainstem. To analyze the position of the main ascending and descending tracts and reticular formation. To recognize structures on horizontal and sagittal sections through the midbrain. To identify and distinguish main tracts and nuclei of the brainstem and to analyze the differences of cross sections in the level of the caudal, mid and rostral medulla as well as pons and midbrain. To know the structures of the midbrain cerebral aqueduct, cerebral crura, substantia nigra, nucleus ruber and corpora quadrigemina. To specify the origin of the cranial nerves and describe the external features of the midbrain. To explain the functional organization of gray and white matter of the brain stem. To appoint and explain function of the reticular formation.

### **L9,10 Somatomotor system – central section (pg. 725-732).**

#### Learning outcomes:

To explain the basic organization of the motor system. To explain the hierarchy of the motor system – from the skeletal muscle to the cerebral cortex. To explain the concept of the motor unit. To explain the role of the cerebral cortex in control of the voluntary movements. To define primary motor and premotor cortex. To describe pyramidal pathways (corticospinal and corticobulbar tracts). To explain somatotopic representation of the motor cortex. To understand the role of the basal ganglia in movements control. To list and describe the neuronal circuits of the basal ganglia. To understand the role of the cerebellum in movement control and motor learning. To explain major motor pathways and to distinguish between pyramidal and extrapyramidal tracts. To describe circuits and descending tracts of the extrapyramidal nervous system. To describe cerebellar pathways involved in motoric functions.

### **L11,12 Somatosensory system (pg. 732-738) and nociceptive system (pg. 752-754)**

#### Learning outcomes:

Students will learn to describe and classify non-specific and specific ascending pathways. To understand components involved in transmission of the stimulus in the nervous system (receptors, ascending pathways, nuclei, cerebral cortex). To understand sensory perception and chemical senses (smell and taste). To explain the types of the sensory receptors and stimuli. To explain dorsal column-medial lemniscus pathway (DCML) that conveys sensations of fine touch, vibration, two-point discrimination, and proprioception (position) from the skin and joints. To explain and understand the spinothalamic tract (anterolateral system) that is constituted of anterior spinothalamic tract which carries information of crude touch and lateral spinothalamic tract which carries information of pain and temperature. To understand pain conduction and pain processing. To comprehend spinal modulation of incoming pain impulses and central modulation via descending tracts.

### **L13,14 Auditory system (pg. 742-746)**

#### Learning outcomes:

To explain organization and structure of auditory system. To describe structures of the inner ear, functional anatomy of cochlea, as well as auditory pathways.

### **L15 Autonomic nervous system (pg. 755-768).**

#### Learning outcomes:

To explain basic organization of the autonomic nervous system. To appoint the centers of the autonomic nervous system. To explain sympathetic afferent and efferent nerve fibres, sympathetic chain and ganglia. To explain parasympathetic efferent (cranio-sacral origin) and afferent nerve fibres. To compare the organization of the sympathetic and parasympathetic parts of the autonomic nervous system. To appoint the plexuses of the autonomic nervous system. To define parasympathetic ganglia. To explain the supervising function of the autonomic nervous system in control of the vital functions. To explain autonomic innervation of organs: lacrimal gland, heart, lung, stomach, intestine to the splenic flexure, colon (descending, sigmoid and rectum), the adrenal gland core, internal rectal sphincter, urinary bladder, autonomic control of the erection (penis and clitoris) and ejaculation.

### **L16 Limbic system (pg. 768-770)**

#### Learning outcomes:

To describe parts and function of the limbic system. To explain the hippocampal formation and its connections within the limbic system. To describe gyri of the limbic lobe (inner and outer ring). To describe structures of the hippocampus and gyrus dentatus. To describe connections of the limbic system. To explain Papez circuit. To describe corpus amygdaloideum and its connections. To define areas of limbic and paralimbic cortex.

### **List of seminars (with titles and description):**

#### **S1 Neocortex, archicortex and paleocortex (pg. 638-652).**

##### Learning outcomes:

To describe the layers and functional areas of the neocortex. To describe the centers of the archicortex and paleocortex.

#### **S2 Cerebellum (pg. 673-679).**

##### Learning outcomes:

To revise external features of the cerebellum (position, hemispheres, vermis, cerebellar peduncles, and relations to the fourth ventricle). To describe division of the cerebellum on three functional and phylogenetic parts. To describe the functional organization of the cerebellar cortex (cells of molecular layer, Purkinje cells layer, and granular cells layer) and afferent fibres (mossy and climbing fibres). To identify deep masses of grey matter (nucleus dentatus, nucleus emboliformis, nucleus globosus and nucleus fastigii). To explain the tracts of the cerebellum: the major afferent and efferent connections and the position of the tracts inside the cerebellar peduncles.

#### **S3 Spinal cord (pg. 711-721).**

##### Learning outcomes:

To name and to describe the plexuses of the peripheral nervous system. To describe the appearance and arrangement of gray and white matter of the spinal cord. To describe the organization of grey and white matter of the spinal cord. To explain the laminar structure of grey matter. To analyze the main ascending and descending tracts and their seating. To describe propriospinal fibres. To explain the origin of the spinal nerve and to describe the spinal nerve, with emphasis on dorsal and ventral nerve roots, dorsal root ganglion as well as division of the spinal nerve. To define the difference between spinal and autonomic ganglia.

#### **S4 Extrapyrarnidal system and peripheral section of the somatomotor system (pg. 728-732)**

Learning outcomes:

To understand the basics of the motor system setup. To describe hierarchy of the motor system, from the cerebral cortex to the skeletal muscle and vice versa. To explain afferent nerve endings and the concept of the muscle spindle and Golgi tendon organs. To explain efferent nerve endings and the concept of the motor unit, neuromuscular junctions and motor end-plates. To describe the pathways of the extrapyramidal system.

#### **S5 Visual system (pg. 738-742).**

Learning outcomes:

To revise structure of the retina. To describe primary visual pathway and primary visual cortex as well as visual association cortex of the occipital, temporal and parietal lobes. To describe pupillary reflex. To describe vestibular pathways and eye movement control.

#### **S6 Vestibular system (pg. 746-748).**

Learning outcomes:

To explain organization and structure of the vestibular system. To describe structures of the inner ear, functional anatomy of the vestibule and semicircular canals as well as vestibular pathways.

#### **List of practicals with description:**

#### **P1 External aspects of the cerebral hemispheres: functional localization of the lobi, sulci and gyri; major fibre systems in the telencephalon – task resolving (pg. 637-652).**

Learning outcomes:

To revise external features of the telencephalon (borders, position, division and relations to the lateral ventricles). To describe and show cerebral lobes, and the main gyri and sulci. To appoint and describe parts of the telencephalon (cortex, white matter, basal ganglia, lateral ventricles). To define the telencephalon medium. To describe types of neurons in the cerebral cortex. To explain areal, laminar and modular organization of the cerebral cortex. To explain organization of white matter of the telencephalon (commissural, association and projection fibres). To describe basal ganglia and their internal and external connections. To recognize structures on horizontal, frontal and sagittal sections through the telencephalon.

#### **P2 Ventricular system and relations of the diencephalon, fornix, hippocampus and amygdala – task resolving (pg. 607-612).**

Learning outcomes:

To inspect the available casts of the ventricular system and name the components. To observe and recognize spatial relationships of the hippocampus, amygdala and fornix

#### **P3 Cranial nerve nuclei (pg. 679-711) and functional organization of the spinal cord (pg. 715 -719).**

Learning outcomes:

To describe the cranial nerve nuclei according to embryonic origin: afferent nuclei (general sensory, specific

sensory and visceral) and efferent nuclei (somatic, brachiomotor and parasympathetic).

**P4 Motor functions of the spinal cord (720-722) , clinical remarks of the upper and lower motoneurons (pg. 730-732) and referred pain – task resolving**

Learning outcomes:

To describe spinal ganglia and pseudounipolar neuron. To describe structural features of the reflex arc and define spinal reflexes: stretch or myotatic reflex (monosynaptic reflex) and flexor or withdrawal reflex (polysynaptic reflex). Interpretation of the motoric and sensible failures with respect to the level of the spinal cord injury..

**P5 Somatosensory cortex, visual system, visual cortex (pg. 737-739) and pain processing (pg. 754-755) - task resolving**

Learning outcomes:

To recognize centers of the somatosensory cortex. To revise structure of the retina. To describe primary visual pathway and primary visual cortex as well visual association cortex of the occipital, temporal and parietal lobes. To describe autonomic control of the visual reflexes: accommodation-convergence reflex and pupillary reflex. To describe pathways by which is pain processed.

**P6 Olfactory and gustatory (pg. 748-751), auditory and vestibular systems (pg. 742-748). – task resolving**

Learning outcomes:

To describe olfactory and gustatory pathways as well as the pathways of the auditory and vestibular systems.

**Final exam**

**ECTS Grading System:**

Student grading will be conducted according to the current Ordinance on Studies of the University of Rijeka (approved by the Senate) and the Ordinance on Student Grading at the Faculty of Medicine in Rijeka (approved by the Faculty Council).

Student work will be assessed and graded during the course and on the final exam. During the course, a student may achieve up to **50% of the grade** and at the final exam up to **50% of the grade, too**. Students are graded according to the ECTS credit (A-D) and numeric (1-5) system.

Students are obliged to attend all forms of teaching during the course and may be absent from 30% of the classes. **If a student is absent for more than 30% of the classes, he will not receive a signature and will have to re-enter the course. Also, a student who gains less than 25 credits must re-enter the course.**

During the course, students are awarded credits by taking two midterm exams. If a student does not pass a midterm exam, he may take the makeup midterm exam on the announced date. Each midterm has its own makeup date.

**I. Assessment and grading during the course**

Assessment will be carried out through two midterm exams:

**1. Functional organization of gray and white matter of the central nervous system**

## 2. Functional systems of the central nervous system

Midterm is a written exam. Each midterm exam is comprised of 50 questions. Midterm exams are graded as follows:

Correct answers	Credits
25	12,5
26	13
27-28	14
29-30	15
31-32	16
33-34	17
35-36	18
37-38	19
39-40	20
41-42	21
43-44	22
45-46	23
47-48	24
49-50	25

### II. Requirements for the final exam:

- A student who attended classes in accordance with the Ordinance on Studies of the University of Rijeka.
- A student who gained at least 25 out of maximum 50 credits at midterms.

### III. Grading on the final exam:

The final exam is an oral exam and it is graded as follows:

Grade	Credits
Sufficient (2)	<b>25</b>
Good (3)	<b>30</b>
Very good (4)	<b>40</b>
Excellent (5)	<b>50</b>

The final grade consists of the sum of credits gained during the course and on the final oral exam. Grading within the ECTS grading system is carried out with an absolute distribution, i.e. based on the final achievement:

- A – (90 - 100%) EXCELLENT (5)
- B – (75 - 89,9%) VERY GOOD (4)
- C – (60 - 74,9%) GOOD (3)
- D – (50 - 59,9%) SUFFICIENT (2)
- F – (0 - 49,9%) INSUFFICIENT (1)



The numeric grading system, compared to the ECTS grading system, is as follows:

- A = excellent (5)
- B = very good (4)
- C = good (3)
- D = sufficient (2)
- F = insufficient (1)

Course content and all the notifications regarding the course, including exam dates, can be found on the official web site - <http://www.medri.uniri.hr> , <http://medical-studies-in-english.com/>

## COURSE SCHEDULE (for academic year 2020./2021.)

Date	Lectures (time and place)	Seminars (time and place)	Practicals (time and place)	Instructor
01/10/2020	L1 (10:15-11:00) <b>Lecture room 1</b>			Olga Cvijanović Peloza, Associate Professor
01/10/2020	L2 (11:15-12:00) <b>Lecture room 1</b>			Olga Cvijanović Peloza, Associate Professor
05/10/2020	L3 (11:15-12:00) <b>Lecture room 8</b>			Olga Cvijanović Peloza, Associate Professor
05/10/2020	L4 (12:15-13:00) <b>Lecture room 8</b>			Olga Cvijanović Peloza, Associate Professor
05/10/2020		S1G2 (13:00-14:30) <b>Lecture room 8</b>		Tanja Čelić, Assistant Professor
05/10/2020			P1G2 (14:45-16:00) <b>Lecture room 8</b>	Tanja Čelić, Assistant Professor
06/10/2020			P1G3 (9:30-11:00) <b>Lecture room 4</b>	Sanja Zoričić Cvek, Full Professor
08/10/2020		S1G1 (8:00-9:30) <b>Department of Anatomy</b>		Olga Cvijanović Peloza, Associate Professor
08/10/2020			P1G1 (14:45-16:00) <b>Department of Anatomy</b>	Olga Cvijanović Peloza, Associate Professor
08/10/2020			P1G4 (9:30-11:00) <b>Department of Anatomy</b>	Olga Cvijanović Peloza, Associate Professor
12/10/2020	L5 (11:15-12:00) <b>Lecture room 1</b>			Olga Cvijanović Peloza, Associate Professor
12/10/2020	L6 (12:15-13:00) <b>Lecture room 1</b>			Olga Cvijanović Peloza, Associate Professor
12/10/2020		S2G2 (13:45-15:00) <b>Lecture room 9</b>		Tanja Čelić, Assistant Professor

12/10/2020			P2G2 (15:00-16:30) <b>Lecture room 9</b>	Tanja Čelić, Assistant Professor
13/10/2020			P2G3 (9:30-11:00) <b>Lecture room 5</b>	Sanja Zoričić Cvek, Full Professor
15/10/2020		S2G1 (8:00-9:30) <b>Department of Anatomy</b>		Olga Cvijanović Peloz, Associate Professor
15/10/2020			P2G1 (9:30-11:00) <b>Department of Anatomy</b>	Olga Cvijanović Peloz, Associate Professor
15/10/2020			P2G4 (14:45-16:00) <b>Department of Anatomy</b>	Olga Cvijanović Peloz, Associate Professor
19/10/2020	L 7 (11:15-12:00) <b>Top floor room</b>			Olga Cvijanović Peloz, Associate Professor
19/10/2020	L8 (12:15-13:00) <b>Top floor room</b>			Olga Cvijanović Peloz, Associate Professor
19/10/2020		S3G2 (13:00-14:30) <b>Lecture room 7</b>		Tanja Čelić, Assistant Professor
19/10/2020			P3G2 (14:30-16:00) <b>Lecture room 7</b>	Tanja Čelić, Assistant Professor
20/10/2020			P3G3 (9:30-11:00) <b>Lecture room 8</b>	Sanja Zoričić Cvek, Full Professor
22/10/2020		S3G1 (8:00-9:30) <b>Lecture room 4</b>		Olga Cvijanović Peloz, Associate Professor
22/10/2020			P3G1 (9:30-11:00) <b>Lecture room 4</b>	Olga Cvijanović Peloz, Associate Professor
22/10/2020			P3G4 (14:45-16:00) <b>Department of Anatomy</b>	Sanja Zoričić Cvek, Full Professor
26/10/2020	L9 (11:15-12:00) <b>Lecture room 8</b>			Sanja Zoričić Cvek, Full Professor
26/10/2020	L10 (12:15-13:00) <b>Lecture room 8</b>			Sanja Zoričić Cvek, Full Professor
		S4G2 (13:00-14:30) <b>Lecture room 9</b>		Gordana Starčević Klasan, Associate Professor
26/10/2020			P4G2 (14:45-16:00) <b>Lecture room 9</b>	Gordana Starčević Klasan, Associate Professor
27/10/2020			P4G3 (9:30-11:00) <b>Lecture room 5</b>	Sanja Zoričić Cvek, Full Professor
29/10/2020		S4G1 (8:00-9:30) <b>Department of Anatomy</b>		Olga Cvijanović Peloz, Associate Professor
29/10/2020			P4G1 (9:30-11:00) <b>Department of Anatomy</b>	Olga Cvijanović Peloz, Associate Professor

29/10/2020			P4G4 (14:45-16:00) <b>Department of Anatomy</b>	Sanja Zoričić Cvek, Full Professor
<b>1st MIDTERM EXAM</b>				
09/11/2020	L11 (11:15-12:00) <b>Top floor room</b>			Sanja Zoričić Cvek, Full Professor
09/11/2020	L12 (12:15-13:00) <b>Top floor room</b>			Sanja Zoričić Cvek, Full Professor
09/11/2020		S5G2 (13:00-14:30) <b>Top floor room</b>		Gordana Starčević Klasan, Associate Professor
09/11/2020			P5G2 (14:30-16:00) <b>Top floor room</b>	Gordana Starčević Klasan, Associate Professor
10/11/2020			P5G3 (9:30-11:00) <b>Lecture room 5</b>	Sanja Zoričić Cvek, Full Professor
12/11/2020		S5G1 (8:00-9:30) <b>Department of Anatomy</b>		Olga Cvijanović Pelozo, Associate Professor
12/11/2020			P5G1 (9:30-11:00) <b>Department of Anatomy</b>	Olga Cvijanović Pelozo, Associate Professor
12/11/2020			P5G4 (14:45-16:00) <b>Department of Anatomy</b>	Sanja Zoričić Cvek, Full Professor
16/11/2020	L13 (11:15-12:00) <b>Top floor room</b>			Sanja Zoričić Cvek, Full Professor
16/11/2020	L14 (12:15-13:00) <b>Top floor room</b>			Sanja Zoričić Cvek, Full Professor
16/11/2019			P6G3 (14:30-16:00) <b>Top floor room</b>	Gordana Starčević Klasan, Associate Professor
17/11/2020		S6G1 (8:00-9:30) <b>Lecture room 4</b>		Sanja Zoričić Cvek, Full Professor
17/11/2020			P6G1 (9:30-11:00) <b>Lecture room 4</b>	Sanja Zoričić Cvek, Full Professor
19/11/2020		S6G2 (8:00-9:30) <b>Department of Anatomy</b>		Olga Cvijanović Pelozo, Associate Professor
19/11/2020			P6G2 (9:30-11:00) <b>Department of Anatomy</b>	Olga Cvijanović Pelozo, Associate Professor
19/11/2020			P6G4 (14:45-16:00) <b>Department of Anatomy</b>	Sanja Zoričić Cvek, Full Professor
19/11/2020	L15 (11:15-12:00) <b>Lecture room 1</b>			Olga Cvijanović Pelozo, Associate Professor
19/11/2020	L16 (12:15-13:00) <b>Lecture room 1</b>			Sanja Zoričić Cvek, Full Professor
<b>2nd MIDTERM EXAM</b>				

FINAL EXAM DATES	
1.	18.12.2020.
2.	24.02.2021.
3.	06.07.2021.
4.	07.09.2021.
5.	21.09.2021.

**List of lectures, seminars and practicles:**

	LECTURES	Hours of classes	Place
L1,2	Structure and morphology of the CNS. Distribution of the grey and white matter in the CNS	2	Lecture room 5
L3,4	Telencephalon: Classification, fibre systems and subcortical nuclei	2	Lecture room 8
L5,6	Diencephalon: Epithalamus, thalamus and hypothalamus	2	Lecture room 1
L7,8	Brainstem: Mesencephalon, pons and medulla oblongata	2	Top floor room
L9,10	Somatomotor system – central section	2	Lecture room 8
L11,12	Somatosensory system and nociceptive system	2	Top floor room
L13,14	Auditory system	2	Top floor room
L15	Autonomic nervous system	1	Lecture room 1
L16	Lymbic system	1	Lecture room 1
	<b>The total number of hours of lectures</b>	<b>16</b>	

	SEMINARS	Hours of classes	Place
S1	Neocortex, archicortex and paleocortex	2	Lecture room 4, 8 and Department of Anatomy
S2	Cerebellum	2	Lecture room 5, 9 and Department of Anatomy
S3	Spinal cord	2	Lecture rooms 4, 7 and 8
S4	Extrapryramidal system and peripheral section of the somatomotor system	2	Lecture rooms 5, 9 and Department of Anatomy

S5	Visual system	2	Top floor room, lecture room 5 and Department of Anatomy
S6	Vestibular system	2	Top floor room, lecture room 4 and Department of Anatomy
<b>The total number of hours of seminars</b>		<b>12</b>	

	<b>PRACTICALS</b>	<b>Hours of classes</b>	<b>Place</b>
P1	External aspects of the cerebral hemispheres: functional localization of the lobi, sulci and gyri; major fibre systems in the telencephalon – task resolving	2	Lecture rooms 4, 8 and Department of Anatomy
P2	Ventricular system and relations of the diencephalon, fornix, hippocampus and amygdala – task resolving	2	Lecture rooms 5, 9 and Department of Anatomy
P3	Cranial nerve nuclei and functional organization of the spinal cord	2	Lecture rooms 4, 7 and 8
P4	Motor functions of the spinal cord, clinical remarks of the upper and lower motoneurons and referred pain – task resolving	2	Lecture rooms 5, 9 and Department of Anatomy
P5	Somatosensory cortex, visual system, visual cortex and pain processing - task resolving	2	Top floor room, lecture room 5 and Department of Anatomy
P6	Olfactory and gustatory, auditory and vestibular systems – task resolving	2	Top floor room, lecture room 4 and Department of Anatomy
<b>The total number of hours of practicles</b>		<b>12</b>	